<b>Engayne</b>	Primary
----------------	---------

<ul> <li>Living things and their habitats</li> <li>The children will be taught: <ul> <li>to identify and sequence the main stages in the life cycles of birds, amphibians and mammals</li> <li>to identify and sequence the main stages in the life cycle of a vegetable or flower within the school environment</li> <li>about the parts of a flower used in reproduction</li> <li>what pollination is and how it might happen</li> <li>how the developed seed is dispersed and know why this is important</li> <li>know what germination is</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The children will be taught:</li> <li>to name and sequer</li> <li>what the word orbit this at different spe</li> <li>how long it takes fo</li> <li>what people used to system</li> <li>why the Moon orbit and its appearance</li> <li>about the relative si Earth and Moon</li> <li>how the rotation of day</li> </ul>	r the Earth to orbit the Sun o believe about the solar s the Earth, how long it takes as it moves ze and shape of the Sun, the Earth creates night and e of the Sun will change	<ul> <li>Properties and changes in materials</li> <li>The children will be taught: <ul> <li>to describe and compare solid materials using terms: hardness, strength, stiffness, flexibility, elasticity, plasticity, absorbency and permeability</li> <li>to identify materials that are good conductors and insulators for electricity or heat</li> <li>how to test which metals are most magnetic</li> <li>to identify uses for materials based on properties</li> <li>what the terms dissolve, substance, solution, solubility, suspension and transparency mean</li> <li>to separate mixed materials using sieving, filtering and evaporation</li> <li>what reversible and irreversible changes are, give examples, and that an irreversible change means something new has been made.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Animals including humans The children will be taught: <ul> <li>how to make notes and timelines to show the stages in the growth of humans</li> <li>about the changes that happen to humans during puberty</li> <li>about the gestation period of humans and other animals.</li> </ul>		Forces The children will be taught: • about Isaac Newton and what gravity is • about the difference between the mass and the weight of an object • how the force of friction acts between objects and surfaces • how to investigate air and water resistance and how forces can be changed • about how levers, pulleys and gears help move objects.	
<ul> <li>plan different types of scientific enquiries to answe</li> <li>take measurements, using a range of scientific equiries</li> </ul>	er questions	Iren will have the opportunity t	

- record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs
- use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests
- report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations
- identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.